#### How the Other Half Lives

Developing SDR Software for the Macintosh Platform

Jeremy C. McDermond, J.D. (NH6Z)

### About the Author

#### About the Author

- Licensed in 1986 at age 14 as KB7AKH
- Began to program on the Apple II at age 5
- Learned C in 6th grade (on a 512k Mac)
- Spent 15 years in systems and network engineering
- Numerous industry certifications such as MCSE, Sun, and IBM AIX
- Avoids MS Windows like the plague

Direct Downconversion Receiver (Mercury)

- Direct Downconversion Receiver (Mercury)
- Direct Upconversion Transmitter (Penelope)

- Direct Downconversion Receiver (Mercury)
- Direct Upconversion Transmitter (Penelope)
- USB 2.0 Connected
  - Future connection via gigabit ethernet



- LTC2208 ADC as close to antenna as possible
  - **130Msps 16-bit**

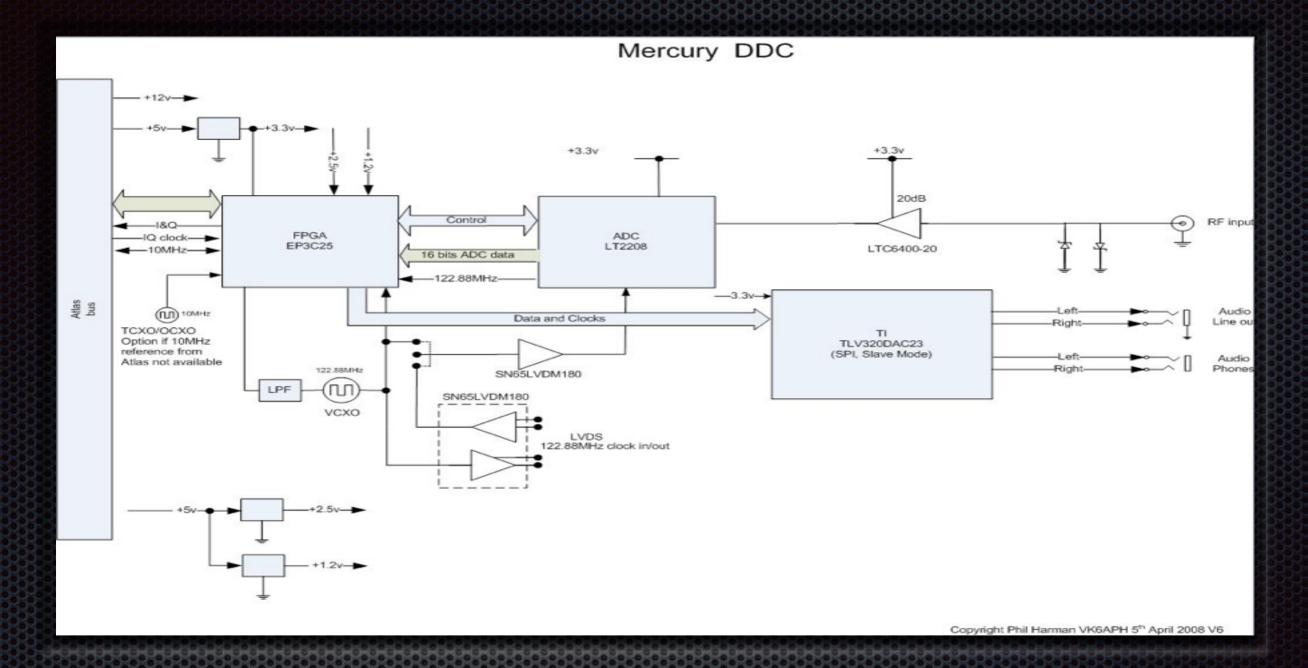


- LTC2208 ADC as close to antenna as possible
  - **■** 130Msps 16-bit
- Altera Cyclone III FPGA



- LTC2208 ADC as close to antenna as possible
  - 130Msps 16-bit
- Altera Cyclone III FPGA
- Current firmware allows4 receivers at 192kHzsample rate





# Mercury Block Diagram



- AD9744 DAC as close to antenna as possible
  - 210 Msps 14-bit

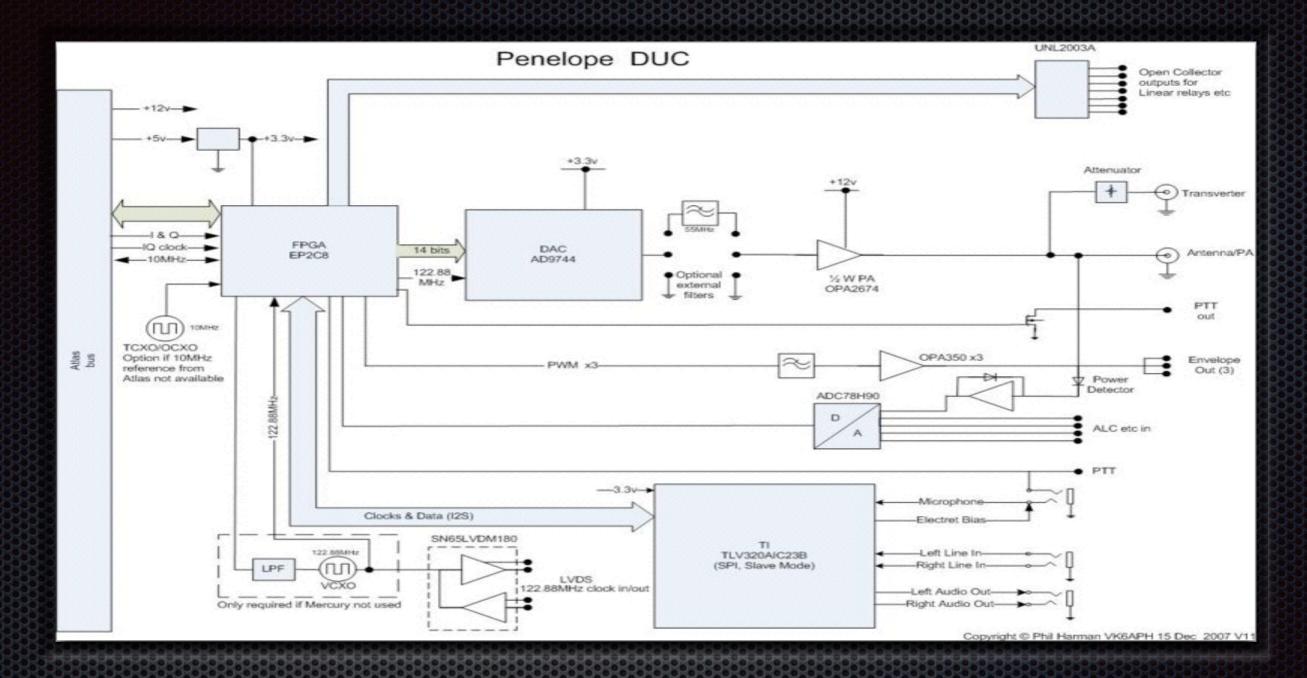


- AD9744 DAC as close to antenna as possible
  - 210 Msps 14-bit
- Altera Cyclone II FPGA



- AD9744 DAC as close to antenna as possible
  - 210 Msps 14-bit
- Altera Cyclone II FPGA
- Capable of transmitting multiple signals simultaneously





# Penelope Block Diagram

# Magister/Ozymandias



## Magister/Ozymandias

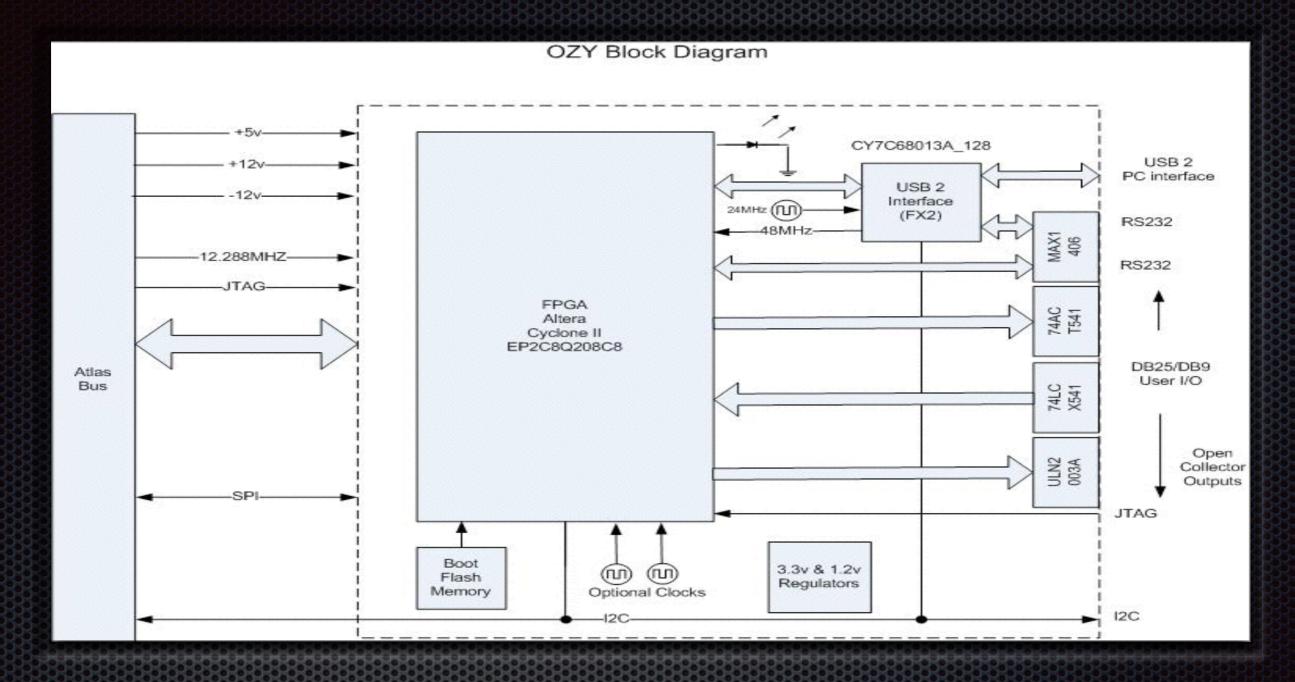
USB 2.0 connection with Cypress FX2



## Magister/Ozymandias

- USB 2.0 connection with Cypress FX2
- Altera Cyclone II FPGA





# Ozymandias Block Diagram



■ The kernel is just FreeBSD



- The kernel is just FreeBSD
- Because it's UNIX®, all Linux software works



- The kernel is just FreeBSD
- Because it's UNIX®, all Linux software works
- Everything's that proprietary Apple stuff



■ Be a "First Class" piece of OpenHPSDR software

- Be a "First Class" piece of OpenHPSDR software
- Have a "Mac like" interface

- Be a "First Class" piece of OpenHPSDR software
- Have a "Mac like" interface
- Fully leverage available Mac technologies

- Be a "First Class" piece of OpenHPSDR software
- Have a "Mac like" interface
- Fully leverage available Mac technologies
- Have a simple installation process

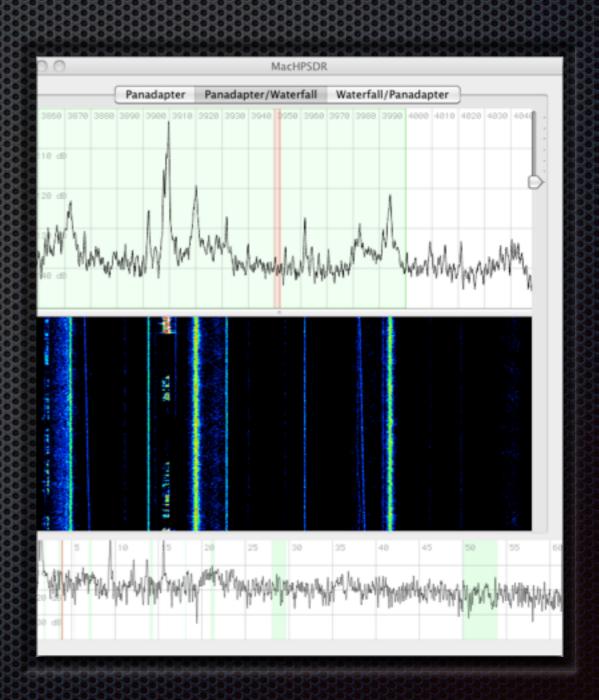
- Be a "First Class" piece of OpenHPSDR software
- Have a "Mac like" interface
- Fully leverage available Mac technologies
- Have a simple installation process
- Make the source code fully available

A port of John Melton's ghpsdr to the Mac

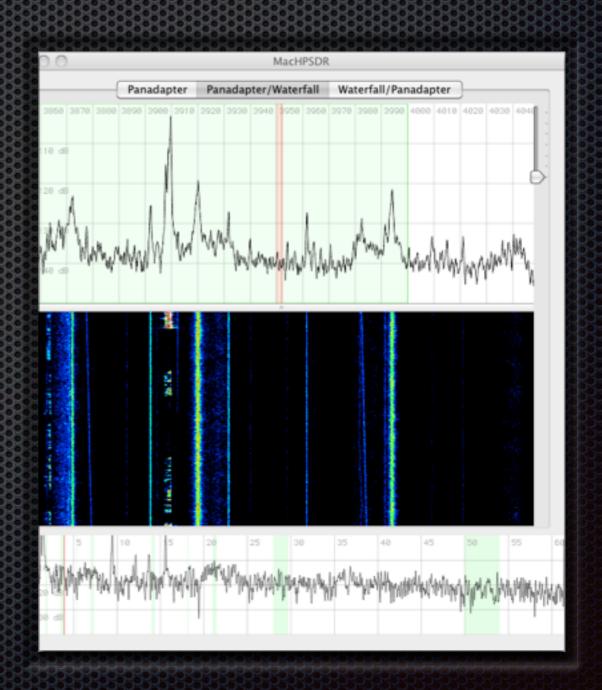
- A port of John Melton's ghpsdr to the Mac
- Reworked the libusb code to use IOKit

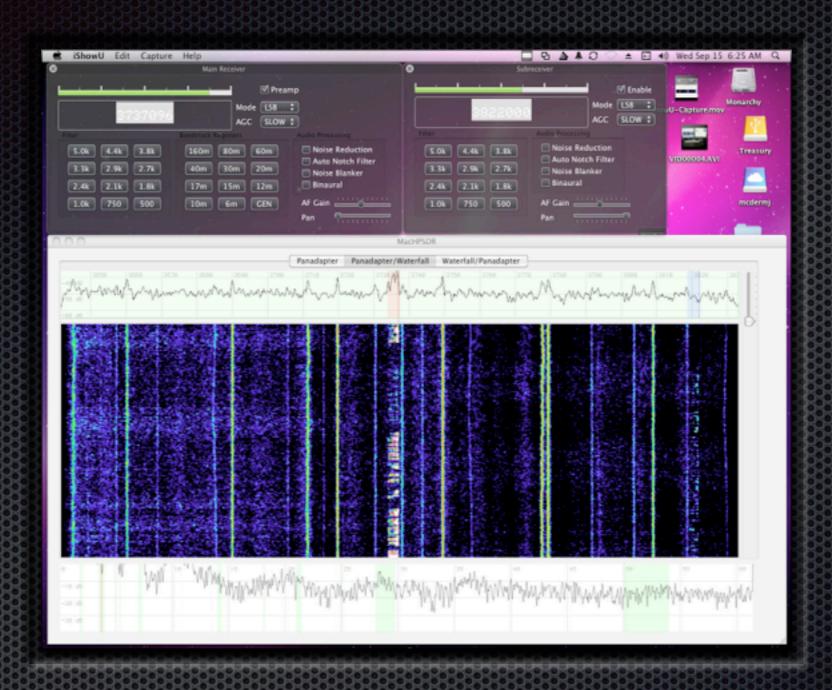
- A port of John Melton's ghpsdr to the Mac
- Reworked the libusb code to use IOKit
- Fixed performance problems with threading

- A port of John Melton's ghpsdr to the Mac
- Reworked the libusb code to use IOKit
- Fixed performance problems with threading
- Available at <a href="https://www.xenotropic.com/ham-svn/mac-ghpsdr">https://www.xenotropic.com/ham-svn/mac-ghpsdr</a>



- Native Cocoa user interface
- Written in a mixture of Objective C and C
- Uses an improved version of the IOKit base from Mac-GHPSDR





Example Video

80m from Corvallis, OR 6:22 A.M. 9/15/2010



Example Video

80m from Corvallis, OR 6:22 A.M. 9/15/2010

## Apple Technologies In Use

# Apple Technologies In Use

- Objective C
- IOKit
- Cocoa
- Core Animation
- OpenGL
- Grand Central Dispatch

- VDSP
- Sparkle Updater

Required to use Cocoa

- Required to use Cocoa
- Is a dialect of C that grafts on Object Oriented concepts

- Required to use Cocoa
- Is a dialect of C that grafts on Object Oriented concepts
- Has a different syntax than C++

- Required to use Cocoa
- Is a dialect of C that grafts on Object Oriented concepts
- Has a different syntax than C++
- Isn't bad once you get used to it

- Required to use Cocoa
- Is a dialect of C that grafts on Object Oriented concepts
- Has a different syntax than C++
- Isn't bad once you get used to it
- Readability is really nice

- Required to use Cocoa
- Is a dialect of C that grafts on Object Oriented concepts
- Has a different syntax than C++
- Isn't bad once you get used to it
- Readability is really nice
  - Ex: [transceiver changeFrequency:3500000 onReceiver:4]



 A generic framework for utilizing devices in the OS from userland



- A generic framework for utilizing devices in the OS from userland
- Supports not only
  USB, but Firewire and other devices



- A generic framework for utilizing devices in the OS from userland
- Supports not onlyUSB, but Firewire and other devices
- No driver installation necessary



Asynchronous calls are greatly preferred

- Asynchronous calls are greatly preferred
- Try to keep at least one transaction in the pipeline at a time

- Asynchronous calls are greatly preferred
- Try to keep at least one transaction in the pipeline at a time
- Use realtime threads for reading and writing SDR data

- Asynchronous calls are greatly preferred
- Try to keep at least one transaction in the pipeline at a time
- Use realtime threads for reading and writing SDR data
- POSIX semaphores don't work quite right, use mach

- Asynchronous calls are greatly preferred
- Try to keep at least one transaction in the pipeline at a time
- Use realtime threads for reading and writing SDR data
- POSIX semaphores don't work quite right, use mach
- Larger block sizes help reduce kernel ⇔ userland transitions

Based on the NextStep tech (you can tell by the NS prefix to classes like NSView)

- Based on the NextStep tech (you can tell by the NS prefix to classes like NSView)
- Standard application toolkit

- Based on the NextStep tech (you can tell by the NS prefix to classes like NSView)
- Standard application toolkit
- C-based Carbon toolkit will not be ported to 64-bit

- Based on the NextStep tech (you can tell by the NS prefix to classes like NSView)
- Standard application toolkit
- C-based Carbon toolkit will not be ported to 64-bit
- Interface is built with a tool that creates a "nib" file that defines the objects on screen





A technology that provides animation layers that can be composited



- A technology that provides animation layers that can be composited
- Includes many default animations that happen automatically



- A technology that provides animation layers that can be composited
- Includes many default animations that happen automatically
- Stock image filters can be applied to layers



- A technology that provides animation layers that can be composited
- Includes many default animations that happen automatically
- Stock image filters can be applied to layers
- Layers can be updated from any thread



- A technology that provides animation layers that can be composited
- Includes many default animations that happen automatically
- Stock image filters can be applied to layers
- Layers can be updated from any thread
- Layers can use a variety of drawing technologies

# OpenGL



# OpenGL



3D rendering standard

### OpenGL



- 3D rendering standard
- A Core Animation layer can provide an OpenGL context

### OpenGL



- 3D rendering standard
- A Core Animation layer can provide an OpenGL context
- MacHPSDR's waterfall uses an OpenGL texture that scrolls

### OpenGL



- 3D rendering standard
- A Core Animation layer can provide an OpenGL context
- MacHPSDR's waterfall uses an OpenGL texture that scrolls
- MacHPSDR's panadapter draws the signal line with OpenGL into a Core Animation layer





New technology for "Snow Leopard"



- New technology for "Snow Leopard"
- Provides a way to manage threading and parallelism



- New technology for "Snow Leopard"
- Provides a way to manage threading and parallelism
- The programmer creates queues, and the OS figures out the optimal number of threads as the program runs



- New technology for "Snow Leopard"
- Provides a way to manage threading and parallelism
- The programmer creates queues, and the OS figures out the optimal number of threads as the program runs
- Optimizes based on the hardware available



- New technology for "Snow Leopard"
- Provides a way to manage threading and parallelism
- The programmer creates queues, and the OS figures out the optimal number of threads as the program runs
- Optimizes based on the hardware available
- Not used extensively in MacHPSDR because you can't make "real time" GCD queues

DSP processing functions that are a part of the Accelerate framework

- DSP processing functions that are a part of the Accelerate framework
- Shipped on every Mac

- DSP processing functions that are a part of the Accelerate framework
- Shipped on every Mac
- Provides a set of functions that operate on arrays of floating point numbers optimized by using the processor's vector instructions (SSE/Altivec)

- DSP processing functions that are a part of the Accelerate framework
- Shipped on every Mac
- Provides a set of functions that operate on arrays of floating point numbers optimized by using the processor's vector instructions (SSE/Altivec)
- Functions include FFT, convolutions, complex number manipulation, decibel calculations

 Current trunk uses hacked up DttSP from John Melton's ghpsdr

- Current trunk uses hacked up DttSP from John Melton's ghpsdr
- DSP Rework is a redesign of the DSP functions that DttSP performs

- Current trunk uses hacked up DttSP from John Melton's ghpsdr
- DSP Rework is a redesign of the DSP functions that DttSP performs
- Rewritten using OO concepts with Objective C

- Current trunk uses hacked up DttSP from John Melton's ghpsdr
- DSP Rework is a redesign of the DSP functions that DttSP performs
- Rewritten using OO concepts with Objective C
- Extensively leverages the vDSP functions





3rd party freely available package



- 3rd party freely available package
- Allows for automatic updating of software



- 3rd party freely available package
- Allows for automatic updating of software
- Uses an RSS feed containing data about your software revisions



- 3rd party freely available package
- Allows for automatic updating of software
- Uses an RSS feed containing data about your software revisions
- Also can be configured to canvas anonymous data on user's computer



- 3rd party freely available package
- Allows for automatic updating of software
- Uses an RSS feed containing data about your software revisions
- Also can be configured to canvas anonymous data on user's computer
- Available at: sparkle.andymatuschak.org

## Future Technologies

### Future Technologies

- OpenCL
- Core Audio
- Distributed Objects





"Open Computing Language"



- "Open Computing Language"
- Designed to ease construction of massively data parallel tasks



- "Open Computing Language"
- Designed to ease construction of massively data parallel tasks
- Computing units include the CPU, GPU, and even some custom designed IBM Cell boards



- "Open Computing Language"
- Designed to ease construction of massively data parallel tasks
- Computing units include the CPU, GPU, and even some custom designed IBM Cell boards
- Included in Snow Leopard



- "Open Computing Language"
- Designed to ease construction of massively data parallel tasks
- Computing units include the CPU, GPU, and even some custom designed IBM Cell boards
- Included in Snow Leopard
- GPGPU is difficult for SDR because of small block sizes

## OpenCL + OpenGL

### OpenCL + OpenGL

Both standards maintained by the Khronos Group

### OpenCL + OpenGL

- Both standards maintained by the Khronos Group
- OpenGL can use the same buffers as OpenCL





Standard audio framework on the Mac



- Standard audio framework on the Mac
- Allows the use of "Audio Units"



- Standard audio framework on the Mac
- Allows the use of "Audio Units"
- Audio Units are the same plugins that Logic Pro,
  Garageband, and Logic Express use



- Standard audio framework on the Mac
- Allows the use of "Audio Units"
- Audio Units are the same plugins that Logic Pro, Garageband, and Logic Express use
- Audio Units can be embedded in any program



- Standard audio framework on the Mac
- Allows the use of "Audio Units"
- Audio Units are the same plugins that Logic Pro, Garageband, and Logic Express use
- Audio Units can be embedded in any program
- Stock audio units include a 31 band equalizer, a compressor/limiter

# Distributed Objects

# Distributed Objects

- Allows Cocoa objects in different programs to communicate
- Similar to remote procedure calls, but on the same machine
- Hope to use this to integrate with logging software and other external programs

Integration with PSK31 and other digital mode software

- Integration with PSK31 and other digital mode software
- Finish the "DSP Rework" branch

- Integration with PSK31 and other digital mode software
- Finish the "DSP Rework" branch
- Integration with logging software

- Integration with PSK31 and other digital mode software
- Finish the "DSP Rework" branch
- Integration with logging software
- Put Audio Unit support in transmit chain

- Integration with PSK31 and other digital mode software
- Finish the "DSP Rework" branch
- Integration with logging software
- Put Audio Unit support in transmit chain
- Ichabod the headless MacHPSDR

### How Do I Get MacHPSDR

#### How Do I Get MacHPSDR

- Binary Distribution at <u>www.nh6z.net/MacHPSDR/</u> <u>MacHPSDR.zip</u>
- Source in Subversion: <a href="https://www.xenotropic.com/">https://www.xenotropic.com/</a>
  mac-svn/MacHPSDR

# Documentation

### Documentation

- **■** There is none!
- Could use an intrepid soul to help with the help files

# How to Contribute

### How to Contribute

- Patches are accepted by e-mail and reviewed
- As time goes on, and if there is a critical mass of developers, SVN write access will be granted
- Bugs are tracked on Lighthouse at mcdermj.lighthouseapp.com
- The OpenHPSDR wiki is always a good place to contribute